MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON PLANKINTON, SOUTH DAKOTA

AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR JANUARY 1, 2018 TO DECEMBER 31, 2018 AND FOR THE YEAR JANUARY 1, 2019 TO DECEMBER 31, 2019

P.O. Box 247 105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2019

MAYOR:

Joe Staller

GOVERNING BOARD:

Pam Vissia, President Susan Steele, Vice-President Jim Hinckley Brad Kehn Terrance Schuldt Jason Schurz

FINANCE OFFICER:

Eileen Sorsen

ATTORNEY:

Jim Taylor

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105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

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Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Phone: 605-928-7241
FAX No.: 605-928-6241
P.O. Box 247
105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Municipality of Plankinton Plankinton, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Plankinton, South Dakota (Municipality), as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Municipality's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2019-001 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Municipality's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not

express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and which are disclosed in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2019-002.

Municipality's Response to Findings

The Municipality's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The Municipality's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

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May 8, 2020

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

P.O. Box 247

105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Finding Number 2017-001:

Material weaknesses were noted in internal accounting control and record keeping resulting in diminished assurance that transactions were properly executed and recorded and that assets were properly safeguarded. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2019-001.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS:

Internal Control - Related Finding - Material Weakness:

Finding Number 2019-001:

Material weaknesses were noted in internal accounting control and record keeping resulting in diminished assurance that transactions were properly executed and recorded and that assets were properly safeguarded. This is a continuing audit comment since 1997.

Condition:

The following deficiencies in internal accounting control and record keeping were noted:

- a. A lack of proper segregation of duties existed for the revenue, expenditure, and payroll functions resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets.
- b. The receipts were not all accurately classified according to the municipal accounting manual.
- c. Bank balances were not compared to the records for accuracy.

SDCL 9-14-18 states that the finance officer "shall keep regular books of account in which shall be entered all indebtedness of the Municipality, and which shall at all times show the financial condition of the Municipality, the amount of bonds, warrants, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness issued by the governing body, and the amounts of all bonds, warrants, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness which have been redeemed and the amount of each outstanding."

SDCL 9-14-19 states that the finance officer "shall supervise the accounting system for all departments and offices of the Municipality in accordance with the recommendations of the Department of Legislative Audit."

Effect:

As a result, there is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties, and improper records were maintained for the Municipality of Plankinton.

Recommendation:

- We recommend that the Municipality of Plankinton officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenue, expenditure, and payroll functions and attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever, possible and practical.
- 2. We recommend that all necessary accounting records be established and properly maintained.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS (Continued)

Management's Response:

The Municipality of Plankinton Mayor, Joe Staller, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. This comment is due to the expertise of staff and the size of the Municipality of Plankinton, which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. We are aware of this problem and are attempting to develop policies and provide compensating controls.

Compliance – Related Findings:

Finding Number 2019-002:

Expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in several departments in the General Fund in 2019 and 2018, and no budget was prepared for the Library Fines Fund in 2019 and 2018. This is the first consecutive audit in which a similar deficiency has been reported.

Criteria:

SDCL 9-21-9 states in part, "Neither the governing body nor any department or officer of the municipality shall add to the municipal expenditures in any fiscal year any sum in excess of the amount provided for in the annual appropriation ordinance except as otherwise specially provided. Nor shall the amount spent for any purpose or any department exceed the total amount appropriated for such purpose or for such department in the annual appropriation ordinance for such year, except as otherwise specially provided."

Condition:

The Municipality expended money in excess of amounts budgeted without supplementing the budget as allowed by SDCL 9-21-7.

Effect:

Without amending the budget or limiting expenditures, expenditures are being made without proper authority.

Recommendation:

3. We recommend that the expenditures be limited to amounts budgeted or budget supplements be made in accordance with SDCL 9-21-7 and 9-21-9 to allow for expenditures.

Management's Response:

The Municipality of Plankinton Mayor, Joe Staller, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The Municipality will be more careful to follow the budgetary guidelines prescribed by law.

CLOSING CONFERENCE

The audit findings and recommendations were discussed with the officials during the course of the audit and with the mayor, the finance officer, and the assistant finance officer on May 20, 2020.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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P.O. BOX 247

105 EAST MAIN. PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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Phone: 605-928-7241
FAX No.: 605-928-6241
P.O. Box 247
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Municipality of Plankinton Plankinton, South Dakota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Plankinton, South Dakota, (Municipality) as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Municipality's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Municipality's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Municipality's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly the respective financial position, modified cash basis, of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of the Municipality of Plankinton as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, modified cash basis, where applicable, thereof for each of the years in the biennial period then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1.c. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the Municipality's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the Municipality's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), the Schedule of Municipal Contributions, and the Schedule of Long-Term Debt listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 8, 2020 on our consideration of the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Municipality's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

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May 8, 2020

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. BOX 247
P.O.

105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2019

	F	Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	87,031.63	314,130.78	401,162.41
Investments	150,000.00	329,837.69	479,837.69
Internal Balances	205,772.99	(205,772.99)	0.00
TOTAL ASSETS	442,804.62	438,195.48	881,000.10
NET POSITION:			
Restricted for:			
Equipment Repair/Replacement		163,817.56	163,817.56
Debt Service Purposes	·	194,836.42	194,836.42
Library Fines	142.95	<u> </u>	142.95
Unrestricted	442,661.67	79,541.50	522,203.17
TOTAL NET POSITION	442,804.62	438,195.48	881,000.10

Net (Expense) Revenue and

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019 **MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON**

			Drown Day			net (Expelled) hevelide allu	פשום
			riogialli Revenues	20	2	Changes in Net Position	ition
			Operating	Capital		Primary Government	ent
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	149,878.69	13,035.88			(136,842,81)		(136 842 81)
Public Safety	82,980.09	26.65			(82,953,44)		(82 953 44)
Public Works	211,968.81	1,250.00	57,601.77		(153,117,04)		(153,117,04)
Culture and Recreation	51,977.96	6,737.80	80.00		(45,160.16)		(45,160.16)
Total Governmental Activities	496,805.55	21,050.33	57,681.77	0.00	(418,073.45)		(418,073.45)
Business-type Activities:							
Water	334,703.88	232,007.39				(102 696 49)	1102 606 401
Sewer	130,921.71	129,223.94				(1 697 77)	(102,090,49)
Electric	1,945,393.27	1,183,285.33				(762,107.94)	(762,107.94)
Total Business-Type Activities	2,411,018.86	1,544,516.66	0.00	0.00		(866,502.20)	(866,502.20)
Total Primary Government	2,907,824.41	1,565,566.99	57,681.77	00.00	(418,073.45)	(866,502.20)	(1,284,575.65)
	General Revenues:	ė.					
	Taxes:						
	Property Taxes	S			177,159.19		177,159.19
	Sales laxes	:			208,970.80		208,970.80
	Grants and Con	Iributions not Rest	Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs	rograms	7,131.00		7,131.00
	Unrestricted Inve	Unrestricted Investment Earnings			1,824.99	8,101.24	9,926.23
	Debt Issued					526,624.00	526,624.00
	CITECATOR OF CONTROL O	OT WOOD			44440		

NET POSITION - ENDING

Net Position - Beginning

(353,653.24)

(331,776.96)

(21,876.28)

534,725.24

396,197.17 1,111.19

Miscellaneous Revenue

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

1,234,653.34

769,972.44

464,680.90

881,000.10

438,195.48

442,804.62

1,111.19 930,922.41

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2019

	General Fund	Library Fines Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	86,888.68	142.95	87,031.63
Investments	150,000.00		150,000.00
Due from Electric Fund	205,772.99		205,772.99
TOTAL ASSETS	442,661.67	142.95	442,804.62
FUND BALANCES:			
Restricted for Library Fines		142.95	142.95
Assigned for Parks	36,986.08		36,986.08
Assigned for Streets	37,000.00		37,000.00
Assigned for Government Buildings	38,000.00		38,000.00
Assigned for Pool	78,087.35		78,087.35
Unassigned	252,588.24		252,588.24
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	442,661.67	142.95	442,804.62

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General Fund	Library Fines Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:		,	
Taxes:			
General Property Taxes	175,835.64		175,835.64
General Sales and Use Taxes	208,970.80		208,970.80
Amusement Taxes	108.00		108.00
Penalties & Interest on Delinquent Taxes	1,215.55		1,215.55
Total Taxes	386,129.99	0.00	386,129.99
Licenses and Permits	10,461.50	0.00	10,461.50
Intergovernmental Revenue:			
State Grants	1,742.00		1,742.00
State Shared Revenue:	s 		
Bank Franchise Tax	2,523.41		2,523.41
Prorate License Fees	4,234.35		4,234.35
Liquor Tax Reversion	4,607.59		4,607.59
Motor Vehicle Licenses	14,046.85		14,046.85
County Shared Revenue:			
County Road Tax	2,309.50		2,309.50
County Highway and Bridge Reserve Tax	30,016.43		30,016.43
County Wheel Tax	5,252.64	- N	5,252.64
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	64,732.77	0.00	64,732.77
Charges for Goods and Services:			
Culture and Recreation	6,737.80		6,737.80
Cemetery	1,250.00		1,250.00
Total Charges for Goods and Services	7,987.80	0.00	7,987.80
Fines and Forfeits:			
Court Fines and Costs	26.65		26.65
Total Fines and Forfeits	26.65	0.00	26.65
Miscellaneous Revenue:	4 00 4 00		4 00 4 00
Investment Earnings	1,824.99		1,824.99
Rentals	2,574.38		2,574.38
Contributions and Donations from		00.00	00.00
Private Sources	4 444 47	80.00	80.00
Other	1,111.19	00.00	1,111.19
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	5,510.56	80.00	5,590.56
Total Revenue	474,849.27	80.00	474,929.27

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Total
	General Fund	Library Fines Fund	Governmental Funds
Expenditures:			
General Government:			
Executive	39,563.52		39,563.52
Financial Administration	86,802.94		86,802.94
Other	23,512.23		23,512.23
Total General Government	149,878.69	0.00	149,878.69
Public Safety:			
Police	63,680.34		63,680.34
Fire	19,299.75		19,299.75
Total Public Safety	82,980.09	0.00	82,980.09
Public Works:			
Highways and Streets	151,275.05		151,275.05
Cemeteries	60,693.76		60,693.76
Total Public Works	211,968.81	0.00	211,968.81
Culture and Recreation:			
Recreation	42,423.83		42,423.83
Libraries	8,548.62	624.49	9,173.11
Historical Preservation	381.02		381.02
Total Culture and Recreation	51,353.47	624.49	51,977.96
Total Expenditures	496,181.06	624.49	496,805.55
Net Change in Fund Balance	(21,331.79)	(544.49)	(21,876.28)
Fund Balance - Beginning	463,993.46	687.44	464,680.90
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	442,661.67	142.95	442,804.62

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2019

Enterprise Funds Water Sewer Electric Fund Fund Fund **Totals** ASSETS: Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 173,768.55 140,362.23 314,130.78 329,837.69 49,000.00 139,837.69 141,000.00 Investments **Total Current Assets** 643,968.47 222,768.55 280,199.92 141,000.00 **TOTAL ASSETS** 222,768.55 280,199.92 141,000.00 643,968.47 LIABILITIES: Due to General Fund 205,772.99 205,772.99 0.00 0.00 **TOTAL LIABILITIES** 205,772.99 205,772.99 **NET POSITION:** Restricted for: Revenue Bond Debt Service 126,402.81 68,433.61 194,836.42 135,817.56 163,817.56 Equipment Repair and/or Replacement 28,000.00 Unrestricted 68,365.74 75,948.75 (64,772.99)79,541.50 TOTAL NET POSITION 222,768.55 280,199.92 (64,772.99)438,195.48

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	E	nterprise Funds	5	
	Water	Sewer	Electric	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
Operating Revenue:				
Charges for Goods and Services	145,825.29	68,547.58	1,170,799.41	1,385,172.28
Surcharge as Security for Debt	82,270.12	59,585.55		141,855.67
Miscellaneous	3,911.98	1,090.81	12,485.92	17,488.71
Total Operating Revenue	232,007.39	129,223.94	1,183,285.33	1,544,516.66
Operating Expenses:				
Personal Services	53,302.94	49,593.22	184,194.11	287,090.27
Other Current Expense	159,273.38	36,564.17	953,386.99	1,149,224.54
Materials	90,853.20		784,242.46	875,095.66
Total Operating Expenses	303,429.52	86,157.39	1,921,823.56	2,311,410.47
Operating Income (Loss)	(71,422.13)	43,066.55	(738,538.23)	(766,893.81)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):				
Investment Earnings	1,833.01	4,435.25	1,832.98	8,101.24
Debt Service (Principal)	(14,649.76)	(20,010.06)	(14,878.86)	(49,538.68)
Interest Expense	(16,624.60)	(24,754.26)	(8,690.85)	(50,069.71)
Long-Term Debt Issued	85,734.00		440,890.00	526,624.00
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	56,292.65	(40,329.07)	419,153.27	435,116.85
Change in Net Position	(15,129.48)	2,737.48	(319,384.96)	(331,776.96)
Net Position - Beginning	237,898.03	277,462.44	254,611.97	769,972.44
NET POSITION - ENDING	222,768.55	280,199.92	(64,772.99)	438,195.48

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS December 31, 2018

		Primary Governmer	nt
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	314,680.90	442,736.96	757,417.86
Investments	150,000.00	327,235.48	477,235.48
TOTAL ASSETS	464,680.90	769,972.44	1,234,653.34
NET POSITION:			
Restricted for:			
Equipment Repair/Replacement		287,767.56	287,767.56
Debt Service Purposes		129,019.43	129,019.43
Historical Preservation	381.02		381.02
Library Fines	687.44		687.44
Unrestricted	463,612.44	353,185.45	816,797.89
TOTAL NET POSITION	464,680.90	769,972.44	1,234,653.34

Net (Expense) Revenue and

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Changes in Net Position	Primary Government	Business-Type Activities Total	F	(79,393,63) (170,388.90) (38,956.46)	(398,976.00)	132,911.36) (132,911.36) (1,126.68) (1,126.68) (68,824.56) (68,824.56)	(202,862.60) (202,862.60)	(202,862.60) (601,838.60)	159,063.14 233,611.07 6,870.35 4,135.82 5,413.48 154,266.00 154,266.00 767.01	158,401.82 559,991.05	(44,460.78) (41,847.55)	814,433.22 1,276,500.89
Chang	П	Governmental Bus Activities	 	(170,388.90) (38,956.46)	(398,976.00)	9		(398,976.00)	159,063.14 233,611.07 6,870.35 1,277.66	401,589.23	2,613.23	462,067.67
S	Capital	Grants and Contributions		24,000.00	24,000.00		0.00	24,000.00				
Program Revenues	Operating	Grants and Contributions		57,754.69 836.52	58,591.21		0.00	58,591.21				
	9	Charges for Services	11,075.00	1,525.00	19,654.10	212,085.73 125,396.29 1,077,393.89	1,414,875.91	1,434,530.01	s: s venues sstment Earnings evenue	nues	tion	ning
		Expenses	121,312.01	229,668.59 70,808.08	501,221.31	344,997.09 126,522.97 1,146,218.45	1,617,738.51	2,118,959.82	General Revenues: Taxes: Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Shared Revenues Unrestricted Investment Earnings Debt Issued Miscellaneous Revenue	Total General Revenues	Change in Net Position	Net Position - Beginning
		Functions/Programs	Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Public Safetv	Public Works Culture and Recreation	Total Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities: Water Sewer Electric	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government				

1,234,653.34

769,972.44

464,680.90

NET POSITION - ENDING

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Library Fines Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	313,993.46	687.44	314,680.90
Investments	150,000.00		150,000.00
TOTAL ASSETS	463,993.46	687.44	464,680.90
FUND BALANCES:			
Restricted for Historical Preservation	381.02		381.02
Restricted for Library Fines	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	687.44	687.44
Assigned for Parks	34,986.08		34,986.08
Assigned for Streets	32,000.00		32,000.00
Assigned for Government Buildings	36,000.00		36,000.00
Assigned for Pool	63,087.35		63,087.35
Assigned for Next Year's Budget	24,107.00		24,107.00
Unassigned	273,432.01		273,432.01
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	463,993.46	687.44	464,680.90

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Library Fines Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:			
Taxes:			
General Property Taxes	158,552.59		158,552.59
General Sales and Use Taxes	233,611.07		233,611.07
Amusement Taxes	156.00		156.00
Penalties & Interest on Delinquent Taxes	354.55		354.55
Total Taxes	392,674.21	0.00	392,674.21
Licenses and Permits	7,875.00	0.00	7,875.00
Intergovernmental Revenue:			
State Grants	1,967.00		1,967.00
State Shared Revenue:			
Bank Franchise Tax	2,423.58		2,423.58
Prorate License Fees	4,214.85		4,214.85
Liquor Tax Reversion	4,446.77		4,446.77
Motor Vehicle Licenses	14,611.11		14,611.11
County Shared Revenue:	.(8)		
County Road Tax	2,309.50		2,309.50
County Highway and Bridge Reserve Tax	29,215.06		29,215.06
County Wheel Tax	5,437.17	·	5,437.17
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	64,625.04	0.00	64,625.04
Charges for Goods and Services:			
Culture and Recreation	7,015.10		7,015.10
Cemetery	1,525.00		1,525.00
Total Charges for Goods and Services	8,540.10	0.00	8,540.10
Fines and Forfeits:			
Court Fines and Costs	39.00		39.00
Total Fines and Forfeits	39.00	0.00	39.00
Miscellaneous Revenue:			
Investment Earnings	1,277.66		1,277.66
Rentals	3,200.00		3,200.00
Contributions and Donations from			
Private Sources	24,000.00	836.52	24,836.52
Other	622.01		622.01
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	29,099.67	836.52	29,936.19
Total Revenue	502,853.02	836.52	503,689.54

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund	Library Fines Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures:		•	-
General Government:			
Executive	38,260.66		38,260.66
Financial Administration	60,653.02		60,653.02
Other	22,398.33		22,398.33
Total General Government	121,312.01	0.00	121,312.01
Public Safety:			
Police	61,586.00	<u></u>	61,586.00
Fire	17,846.63		17,846.63
Total Public Safety	79,432.63	0.00	79,432.63
Public Works:			
Highways and Streets	149,585.67_		149,585.67
Cemeteries	80,082.92		80,082.92
Total Public Works	229,668.59	0.00	229,668.59
Culture and Recreation:			
Recreation	58,806.57		58,806.57
Libraries	11,634.99	366.52	12,001.51
Total Culture and Recreation	70,441.56	366.52	70,808.08
Total Expenditures	500,854.79	366.52	501,221.31
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)			
Expenditures	1,998.23	470.00	2,468.23
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Compensation for Loss or Damage			
to Capital Assets	145.00		145.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	145.00	0.00	145.00
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,143.23	470.00	2,613.23
Fund Balance - Beginning	461,850.23	217.44	462,067.67
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	463,993.46	687.44	464,680.90

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS December 31, 2018

	Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Electric	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS:				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	188,898.03	140,226.96	113,611.97	442,736.96
Investments	49,000.00	137,235.48	141,000.00	327,235.48
Total Current Assets	237,898.03	277,462.44	254,611.97	769,972.44
TOTAL ASSETS	237,898.03	277,462.44	254,611.97	769,972.44
NET POSITION:				
Restricted for:				
Revenue Bond Debt Service	75,407.05	53,612.38		129,019.43
Equipment Repair and/or Replacement	26,000.00	127,767.56	134,000.00	287,767.56
Unrestricted	136,490.98	96,082.50	120,611.97	353,185.45
TOTAL NET POSITION	237,898.03	277,462.44	254,611.97	769,972.44

MUNICIPALITY OF PLANKINTON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Enterprise Funds			
	Water	Sewer	Electric	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
Operating Revenue:)
Charges for Goods and Services	137,881.66	65,508.51	1,077,393.89	1,280,784.06
Revenue Dedicated to Servicing Debt	65,777.97	59,887.78		125,665.75
Miscellaneous	8,426.10			8,426.10
Total Operating Revenue	212,085.73	125,396.29	1,077,393.89	1,414,875.91
Operating Expenses:				
Personal Services	37,488.18	34,909.14	185,051.93	257,449.25
Other Current Expense	24,406.45	20,579.58	139,030.86	184,016.89
Materials	89,366.50		722,146.72	811,513.22
Capital Assets	162,461.60	26,271.93	99,988.94	288,722.47
Total Operating Expenses	313,722.73	81,760.65	1,146,218.45	1,541,701.83
Operating Income (Loss)	(101,637.00)	43,635.64	(68,824.56)	(126,825.92)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):				
Investment Earnings	1,378.48	1,378.82	1,378.52	4,135.82
Debt Service (Principal)	(14,218.40)	(19,372.73)		(33,591.13)
Interest Expense	(17,055.96)	(25,389.59)		(42,445.55)
Long-Term Debt Issued	154,266.00		2	154,266.00
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	124,370.12	(43,383.50)	1,378.52	82,365.14
Change in Net Position	22,733.12	252.14	(67,446.04)	(44,460.78)
Net Position - Beginning	215,164.91	277,210.30	322,058.01	814,433.22
NET POSITION - ENDING	237,898.03	277,462.44	254,611.97	769,972.44

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.c, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of the Municipality of Plankinton (Municipality) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Municipality participates in a cooperative unit with twenty-eight other governmental entities. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the Municipality.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the Municipality and for each function of the Municipality's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Municipality or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the Municipality financial reporting entity are described below:

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – the General Fund is the general operating fund of the Municipality. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always a major fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Library Fines Fund – to account for fines and similar charges, deposited in a library board bank account subject to checks by the librarian for library purposes. (SDCL 14-2-42 and AGR 82-33) This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met. Governments should apply each of these criteria in the context of the activity's principal revenue sources.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Water Fund – financed primarily by user charges, this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal waterworks system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-47-1) This is a major fund.

Sewer Fund – financed primarily by user charges, this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal sanitary sewer system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-48-2) This is a major fund.

Electric Fund – financed primarily by user charges, this fund accounts for the construction and operation of the municipal electrical system and related facilities. (SDCL 9-39-1 and 9-39-26) This is a major fund.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The Municipality's basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash in received or disbursed.

Measurement Focus:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used, applied with the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basis of Accounting:

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the cash basis of accounting, the statement of financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents (those investments with terms to maturity of 90 days (three months) or less at the date of acquisition). Under the modified cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. Acceptable modifications to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the Municipality in these financial statements are:

a. Recording long-term investments in marketable securities (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the Municipality applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, while the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

 In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns, except for the net, residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as Internal Balances.

e. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liabilities include, but are not limited to, Revenue Bonds.

As discussed in Note 1c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental and business-type activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The Municipality has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording long-term debt arising from cash transactions so any outstanding indebtedness is not reported on the financial statements of the Municipality. The Municipality does report the principal and interest payments on long-term debt as Debt Service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. On the Statement of Activities the principal portion of these Debt Service payments are reported within the appropriate expense function while the interest portion is reported as Interest on Long-Term Debt.

The Municipality has presented as Supplementary Information a Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt along with related notes that include details of any outstanding Long-Term Debt.

g. Program Revenues:

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the Municipality's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

 Charges for services - These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.

- 2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues and expenses.

i. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Municipality pools the cash resources of its funds for cash management purposes. The proprietary funds essentially have access to the entire amount of their cash resources on demand.

j. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in two components.

- 1. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 2. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between "Nonspendable", "Restricted", "Committed", "Assigned" and "Unassigned" components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

k. Application of Net Position:

It is the Municipality's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

I. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Municipality classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- <u>Restricted</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are
 internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making
 authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Finance Officer.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The Municipality uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Municipality would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts for unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Municipality does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

Major Special Revenue Fund	Revenue Source
Library Fines Fund	Library Fines and Donations

2. VIOLATIONS OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS:

The Municipality is prohibited by statute from spending in excess of appropriated amounts at the department level. The following represents the significant overdrafts to the expenditures compared to appropriations:

	Year Ended 12/31/2018	Year Ended _12/31/2019
General Fund:		
Executive		\$ 2,663.52
Highways and Streets	\$ 310.22	\$ 8,380.05
Historical Preservation		\$ 381.02
Recreation	\$ 9,488.27	
Library Fund:		
Libraries	\$ 366.52	\$ 624.49

The Municipality plans to take the following actions to address these violations: use supplemental budgets when authority exists.

3. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

As of December 31, 2019, the following individual funds had deficit fund balances/net position in the amounts shown:

Electric Fund \$ 64,772.99

4. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND</u> INTEREST RATE RISK

The Municipality follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The Municipality's cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 9-22-6, 9-22-6.1 and 9-22-6.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits Municipality funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Municipality did not have any investments. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the Municipality, as discussed above. The Municipality has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the Municipality's deposits may not be returned to it. The Municipality does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Municipality places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The Municipality does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making investment. The Municipality's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property and become due and payable as of January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

(Continued)

The Municipality is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable property in the Municipality.

6. OPERATING LEASES

The Municipality entered into an operating lease for a copier and also a lease for postage meter. The minimum payment on this lease is \$95.68 and \$29.98 respectively per month and is paid by the General Fund. The Municipality also entered into an operating lease for a skid loader and excavator. The minimum payment on this lease is \$1,346.53 per month and is paid by the General Fund.

The Municipality entered into an operating lease for water tower cleaning and inspection. The minimum payment on this lease is \$1,950.00 every three years and is paid by the Water Fund.

The following are the minimum payments on these operating leases:

	Copier		Postage	Skid Loader
	General	Water	Meter	and Excavator
	Fund	Fund	General Fund	General Fund
2020	1,383.24	1,950.00	359.80	16,158.36
2021	1,383.24	0.00	179.80	16,158.36
2022	1,383.24	0.00		13,465.30
2023	806.89	1,950.00		
2024		0.00		
2025-2029		3,900.00		

7. LONG-TERM COMMITMENT

The Municipality of Plankinton entered into a 40-year commitment with Aurora-Brule Rural Water System, Inc. to provide water to the Municipality. A monthly service charge in the amount of \$1,465.00 is paid by the Municipality to Aurora-Brule Rural Water System, Inc. along with a charge of \$.00305 per gallon of water consumed. The monthly service charge represents a contribution by the Municipality to aid Aurora-Brule Rural Water System, Inc. in the construction of the facilities and in future debt payments, which are necessary to provide the Municipality with water. The Municipality will not acquire ownership of any of these water facilities through these payments. Payments are made from the Municipality's Water Fund. The following are the minimum payments on this commitment:

2020	\$ 17,580.00
2021	\$ 17,580.00
2022	\$ 17,580.00
2023	\$ 17,580.00
2024	\$ 17,580.00
2025-2029	\$ 87,900.00
2030-2034	\$ 87,900.00
2035-2039	\$ 87,900.00
2040-2042	\$ 52,740.00

See Independent Auditor's Report.

8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted net position for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, were as follows:

	2019	2018
Major Funds:		
General Fund - Historical Preservation		\$ 381.02
Library Fines	\$ 142.95	687.44
Equipment Repair/Replacement	163,817.56	287,767.56
Debt Service Purposes	194,836.42	129,019.43
Total Restricted Net Position	\$358,796.93	\$417,855.45

These balances are restricted due to federal grant requirements and state law.

9. INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at December 31, 2019 were:

	Interfund	Interfund	
Fund:	Receivable	Payable	
General	\$ 205,772.99		
Electric		\$ 205,772.99	

10. PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation safety members where the sum of age and

credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the longterm inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a
 restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future
 COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. The Municipality's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2019, 2018, and 2017, were \$16,257.94, \$14,521.81, and \$14,177.00, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets):

At June 30, 2019, SDRS is 100.02% funded and accordingly has net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of the South Dakota Retirement System, for the Municipality as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2019 and reported by the Municipality as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 1,581,902.12
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for	
pension benefits	\$ 1,583,247.29
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,345.17)

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Municipality's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2019, the Municipality's proportion was 0.01269360%, which is an increase (decrease) of 0.0014096% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

At June 30, 2018, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of the South Dakota Retirement System, for the Municipality as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2018 and reported by the Municipality as of December 31, 2018 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability \$ 1,409,738.82

Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for

pension benefits \$ 1,410,007.58

Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) \$ (268.76)

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the Municipality's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2018, the Municipality's proportion was 0.01152370%, which is an increase (decrease) of 0.0002397% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25 percent

Salary Increases Graded by years of service, from 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years

of service

Discount Rate 6.50% net of plan investment expense

Future COLAs 1.88%

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period if July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2016.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019 and 2018 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.8%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.8%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.7%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

At June 30, 2019, the following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% increase
Municipality's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability (asset)	\$223,272.56	\$(1,345.17)	\$(184,368.04)

At June 30, 2018, the following presents the Municipality's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Municipality's proportionate share	,		
of the net pension liability (asset)	\$202,988.68	\$(268.76) \$(165	5,607.65)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

11. JOINT VENTURE

The Municipality participates in a joint venture, known as the Tri-County Landfill Association, Inc., formed for the purpose of providing solid waste disposal services to participating members.

The members of the joint venture and their relative percentage of participation are as follows:

Plankinton City	2.50%	Murdo City	2.81%
Stickney City	1.33%	Jones County	2.16%
White Lake City	1.73%	Kennebec City	1.17%
Aurora County	7.39%	Oacoma City	1.52%
Chamberlain City	9.70%	Presho City	2.70%
Kimball City	3.07%	Reliance City	0.70%
Pukwana City	1.09%	Lyman County	4.30%
Brule County	8.81%	Colome City	1.28%
Buffalo County	1.09%	New Witten City	0.36%
Alpena City	1.04%	Winner City	13.84%
Lane City	0.29%	Tripp County	13.10%
Wessington Springs City	4.47%	White River City	2.46%
Jerauld County	4.21%	Wood City	0.30%
Draper City	0.51%	Mellette County	6.07%

The joint venture's governing board is composed of 12 representatives—one from each of the 8 counties and 4 members at large. The board is responsible for adopting the budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The Municipality retains no equity in the net assets of the joint venture, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the joint venture in proportion to the relative participation described above.

At December 31, 2019, financial information for this joint venture was not available.

12. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES - LITIGATION

At December 31, 2019, the Municipality was not involved in any significant litigation.

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Municipality is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2019, the Municipality managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The Municipality purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The Municipality purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft of or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Worker's Compensation:

The Municipality joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The Municipality's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The Municipality pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The Municipality does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The Municipality provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

14. CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The prior Utility Superintendent for the Municipality was also a businessman with several utility meters that were under his control. At the time of this report, there is an inquiry regarding these concerns pertaining to the decisions that were able to be made because of this situation. No action has been taken at this point.

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes	171,888.00	171,888.00	175,835.64	3,947.64
General Sales and Use Taxes	240,000.00	240,000.00	208,970.80	(31,029.20)
Amusement Taxes	200.00	200.00	108.00	(92.00)
Penalties and Interest				
on Delinquent Taxes	0.00	0.00	1,215.55	1,215.55
Total Taxes	412,088.00	412,088.00	386,129.99	(25,958.01)
Licenses and Permits	9,700.00	9,700.00	10,461.50	761.50
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
State Grants	25,000.00	25,000.00	1,742.00	(23,258.00)
State Shared Revenue:				510
Bank Franchise Tax	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,523.41	23.41
Prorate License Fees	5,000.00	5,000.00	4,234.35	(765.65)
Liquor Tax Reversion	4,500.00	4,500.00	4,607.59	107.59
Motor Vehicle Licenses	15,000.00	15,000.00	14,046.85	(953.15)
Local Government Highway				
and Bridge Fund	32,000.00	32,000.00	30,016.43	(1,983.57)
County Shared Revenue:				
County Road Tax	0.00	0.00	2,309.50	2,309.50
County Wheel Tax	5,500.00	5,500.00	5,252.64	(247.36)
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	89,500.00	89,500.00	64,732.77	(24,767.23)
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Culture and Recreation	5,000.00	5,000.00	6,737.80	1,737.80
Cemetery	2,500.00	2,500.00	1,250.00	(1,250.00)
Total Charges for Goods and Services	7,500.00	7,500.00	7,987.80	487.80
· ·				
Fines and Forfeits:	000.00	000.00	00.05	(470.05)
Court Fines and Costs	200.00	200.00	26.65	(173.35)
Total Fines and Forfeits	200.00	200.00	26.65	(173.35)
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,824.99	824.99
Rentals	3,200.00	3,200.00	2,574.38	(625.62)
Other	13,500.00	13,500.00	1,111.19	(12,388.81)
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	17,700.00	17,700.00	5,510.56	(12,189.44)
Total Revenue	536,688.00	536,688.00	474,849.27	(61,838.73)

				Variance with
	Budgeted		Actual Amounts	Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Contingency	25,000.00_	25,000.00_		
Amount Transferred		0.00		25,000.00
Executive	36,900.00	36,900.00	39,563.52	(2,663.52)
Financial Administration	86,890.00	86,890.00	86,802.94	87.06
Other	26,800.00	26,800.00	23,512.23	3,287.77
Total General Government	175,590.00	175,590.00	149,878.69	25,711.31
Public Safety:				
Police	63,685.00	63,685.00	63,680.34	4.66
Fire	39,200.00	39,200.00	19,299.75	19,900.25
Total Public Safety	102,885.00	102,885.00	82,980.09	19,904.91
Public Works:				
Highways and Streets	142,895.00	142,895.00	151,275.05	(8,380.05)
Cemeteries	78,545.00	78,545.00	60,693.76	17,851.24
Total Public Works	221,440.00	221,440.00	211,968.81	9,471.19
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation	46,840.00	46,840.00	42,423.83	4,416.17
Libraries	14,040.00	14,040.00	8,548.62	5,491.38
Historical Preservation	0.00	0.00	381.02	(381.02)
Total Culture and Recreation	60,880.00	60,880.00	51,353.47	9,526.53
Total Expenditures	560,795.00	560,795.00	496,181.06	64,613.94
Total Exponentation	000,100.00		,	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(24,107.00)	(24,107.00)	(21,331.79)	2,775.21
Fund Balance - Beginning	463,993.46	463,993.46	463,993.46	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	439,886.46	439,886.46	442,661.67	2,775.21

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Contributions and Donations				
from Private Sources	0.00	0.00	80.00	80.00
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	0.00	0.00	80.00	80.00
Total Revenue	0.00	0.00	80.00	80.00
Expenditures: Culture and Recreation:				
Libraries	0.00	0.00	624.49	(624.49)
Total Culture and Recreation	0.00	0.00	624.49	(624.49)
Total Expenditures	0.00	0.00	624.49	(624.49)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	(544.49)	(544.49)
Fund Balance - Beginning	687.44	687.44	687.44	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	687.44	687.44	142.95	(544.49)

				Variance with
	Budgeted .	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				****
General Property Taxes	163,232.00	163,232.00	158,552.59	(4,679.41)
General Sales and Use Taxes	225,000.00	225,000.00	233,611.07	8,611.07
Amusement Taxes	200.00	200.00	156.00	(44.00)
Penalties and Interest	0.00	0.00	251.55	354.55
on Delinquent Taxes Total Taxes	388,432.00	0.00 388,432.00	354.55 392,674.21	4,242.21
Total Taxes	300,432.00	300,432.00	392,074.21	7,272.21
Licenses and Permits	9,700.00	9,700.00	7,875.00	(1,825.00)
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
State Grants	0.00	0.00	1,967.00	1,967.00
State Shared Revenue:		X	-	
Bank Franchise Tax	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,423.58	(76.42)
Prorate License Fees	7,000.00	7,000.00	4,214.85	(2,785.15)
Liquor Tax Reversion	4,500.00	4,500.00	4,446.77	(53.23)
Motor Vehicle Licenses	14,000.00	14,000.00	14,611.11	611.11
County Shared Revenue:				
County Road Tax	0.00	0.00	2,309.50	2,309.50
County Highway and Bridge	00 000 00	00 000 00	00.045.00	/704.04
Reserve Tax	30,000.00	30,000.00	29,215.06 5,437.17	<u>(784.94)</u> 437.17
County Wheel Tax Total Intergovernmental Revenue	5,000.00	5,000.00	64,625.04	1,625.04
Total Intergovernmental Revenue	03,000.00	03,000.00	04,025.04	1,025.04
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Culture and Recreation	3,500.00	3,500.00	7,015.10	3,515.10
Cemetery	1,100.00	1,100.00	1,525.00	425.00
Other				0.00
Total Charges for Goods and Services	4,600.00	4,600.00	8,540.10	3,940.10
Fines and Forfeits:				
Court Fines and Costs	200.00	200.00	39.00	(161.00)
Total Fines and Forfeits	200.00	200.00	39.00	(161.00)
Mi II D		19		
Miscellaneous Revenue:	650.00	650.00	1 277 66	627.66
Investment Earnings Rentals	3,000.00	3,000.00	<u>1,277.66</u> 3,200.00	200.00
Contributions and Donations	3,000.00	3,000.00	3,200.00	
from Private Sources	30,000.00	30,000.00	24,000.00	(6,000.00)
Other	12,000.00	12,000.00	622.01	(11,377.99)
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	45,650.00	45,650.00	29,099.67	(16,550.33)
Total Revenue	511,582.00	511,582.00	502,853.02	(8,728.98)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Expenditures:				
General Government:				
Contingency	25,000.00	25,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(19,308.33)		5,691.67
Executive	30,415.00	38,260.66	38,260.66	0.00
Financial Administration	60,980.00	60,980.00	60,653.02	326.98
Other	33,800.00	33,800.00	22,398.33	11,401.67
Total General Government	150,195.00	138,732.33	121,312.01	17,420.32
Public Safety:				
Police	61,570.00	61,586.00	61,586.00	0.00
Fire	43,900.00	43,900.00	17,846.63	26,053.37
Total Public Safety	105,470.00	105,486.00	79,432.63	26,053.37
Public Works:				
Highways and Streets	147,140.00	149,275.45	149,585.67	(310.22)
Cemeteries	71,050.00	80,082.92	80,082.92	0.00
Total Public Works	218,190.00	229,358.37	229,668.59	(310.22)
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation	49,040.00	49,318.30	58,806.57	(9,488.27)
Libraries	13,765.00	13,765.00	11,634.99	2,130.01
Total Culture and Recreation	62,805.00	63,083.30	70,441.56	(7,358.26)
rotal ballaro and reorbation	02,000.00	00,000.00	10,111.00	(1,1000.20)
Total Expenditures	536,660.00	536,660.00	500,854.79	35,805.21
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(25,078.00)	(25,078.00)	1,998.23	27,076.23
	(20,0:0:00)	(20,0:0:00)	1,000.20	2.,0,0.20
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Compensation for Loss or				
Damage to Capital Assets	1,500.00	1,500.00	145.00	(1,355.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,500.00	1,500.00	145.00	(1,355.00)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(23,578.00)	(23,578.00)	2,143.23	25,721.23
Fund Balance - Beginning	461,850.23	461,850.23	461,850.23	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	438,272.23	438,272.23	463,993.46	25,721.23

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Contributions and Donations				
from Private Sources	0.00	0.00	836.52	836.52
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	0.00	0.00	836.52	836.52
Total Revenue	0.00	0.00	836.52	836.52
Total Revenue	0.00	0.00	030.32	030.32
Expenditures:				
Culture and Recreation:				
Libraries	0.00	0.00	366.52	(366.52)
Total Culture and Recreation	0.00	0.00	366.52	(366.52)
				(0.00 50)
Total Expenditures	0.00	0.00	366.52	(366.52)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	470.00	470.00
Not Offarige in Faria Balarioos	0.00	0.00	470.00	170.00
Fund Balance - Beginning	217.44	217.44	217.44	0.00
				470.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	217.44	217.44	687.44	470.00

NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Municipality followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. At the first regular board meeting in September of each year or within ten days thereafter, the Governing Board introduces the annual appropriation ordinance for the ensuing fiscal year.
- 2. After adoption by the Governing Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 4.
- 3. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total municipal budget and may be transferred by resolution of the Governing Board to any other budget category that is deemed insufficient during the year.
- 4. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
- 6. Budgets for the General Fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Note 2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences:

The Municipality's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than GAAP. The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenue and expenditures are recognized on a modified cash basis. Utilizing the modified cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures are recorded when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting on the governmental fund statements and on the full accrual basis on the government-wide statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE MUNICIPALITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

Last Five Years*

2017 2016 2015	0.0112840% 0.0103862% 0.0102371%	(1,024.03) \$ 35,083.56 \$ (43,418.47)	\$ 235,796.67 \$ 197,208.68 \$ 186,892.36	0.43% 17.79% 23.23%	100.10% 96.89% 104.10%
2018	0.0115237% 0.0	\$ (268.76) \$ (7	\$ 239,569.89 \$ 236	0.11%	100.02%
2019	0.0126936%	\$ (1,345.17)	\$ 270,041.54	0.50%	100.09%
Municipality's proportion of the past progress	liability/asset	Municipality's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	Municipality's covered-employee payroll	Municipality's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)

^{*} The amounts presented were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 06/30 of previous fiscal year.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE MUNICIPALITY CONTRIBUTIONS

South Dakota Retirement System

Last Five Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 16,257.94	\$ 14,521.81	\$ 14,177.00	\$ 12,805.43	\$ 11,752.77
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 16,257.94	\$ 14,521.81	\$ 14,177.00	\$ 12,805.43	\$ 11,752.77
Contribution deficiency (excess)	· 69	· 69	·	·	₩
Municipality's covered-employee payroll	\$271,014.36	\$ 242,029.96	\$ 236,283.92	\$213,235.84	\$195,721.77
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	6.00%	%00.9	%00.9	6.01%	6.00%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information for the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of Pension Contributions.

Changes of benefit terms:

No significant changes.

Changes of assumptions:

Legislation enacted in 2017 modified the SDRS COLA. For COLAs first applicable in 2018, the SDRS COLA will equal the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2017 and exists again this year as of June 30, 2018. Future COLAs are assumed to equal the current restricted maximum COLA which was 1.89% as of June 30, 2017 and is 2.03% as of June 30, 2018.

The changes in actuarial assumptions increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by 1.5% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.89% COLA, reflecting the current and assumed future restricted maximum COLA of 2.03%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities follows:

	Beginning			Ending	
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	1/1/2018	Additions	Decreases	12/31/2019	One Year
Primary Government:					
Business-Type Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
SRF - Clean Water # 1	788,433.48		39,382.79	749,050.69	20,668.34
SRF - Drinking Water # 1	573,830.43		28,868.16	544,962.27	15,094.22
SRF - Drinking Water # 2	0.00	240,000.00		240,000.00	0.00
Heartland IRP 3	0.00	150,000.00	6,112.46	143,887.54	10,730.27
Heartland IRP 4	0.00	150,000.00	6,112.46	143,887.54	10,730.27
Notes Payable - GWB	0.00	140,890.00	2,653.94	138,236.06	33,227.11
Total Business-Type Activities	1,362,263.91	680,890.00	83,129.81	1,960,024.10	90,450.21
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	1,362,263.91	680,890.00	83,129.81	1,960,024.10	90,450.21

Debt payable at December 31, 2019 is comprised of the following:

Revenue Bonds: SRF – Clean Water # 1; Maturity Date January 15, 2044; Interest Rate 3.25%; Paid by Sewer Fund	\$ 749,050.69
SRF – Drinking Water # 1; Maturity Date July 15, 2044; Interest Rate 3.00%; Paid by Water Fund	\$ 544,962.27
SRF – Drinking Water # 2; Maturity Date November 15, 2030; Interest Rate 2.00%; Paid by Water Fund	\$ 240,000.00
Heartland IRP Loan # 3; Maturity Date May 29, 2031; Interest Rate 3.00%; Paid by Electric Fund	\$ 143,887.54
Heartland IRP Loan # 4; Maturity Date May 29, 2031; Interest Rate 3.00%; Paid by Electric Fund	\$ 143,887.54
Notes Payable-Great Western Bank; Maturity Date November 10, 2023; Interest Rate 4.00%; Paid by Electric Fund	\$ 138,236.06

SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2019, including interest payments of \$654,870.88, are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Maturity for Long-Term Debt December 31, 2019

Year							
Ending	SRF - Clean Water #1		SRF - Drinkin	SRF - Drinking Water #1		SRF - Drinking Water #2	
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2020	20,668.34	24,093.98	15,094.22	16,180.14	0.00	0.00	
2021	21,348.30	23,414.02	15,552.17	15,722.49	21,903.27	4,636.41	
2022	22,050.62	22,711.70	16,024.02	15,250.34	22,344.64	4,195.04	
2023	22,776.04	21,986.28	16,510.18	14,764.18	22,794.89	3,744.79	
2024	23,525.35	21,236.97	17,011.07	14,263.29	23,254.21	3,285.47	
2025-2029	129,757.79	94,053.81	93,117.28	63,254.52	123,491.59	9,206.84	
2030-2034	152,553.14	71,258.46	108,126.34	48,245.46	26,211.40	328.28	
2035-2039	179,353.10	44,458.50	125,554.55	30,817.25			
2040-2044	177,018.01	13,221.85	137,972.44	10,580.70			
Totals	749,050.69	336,435.57	544,962.27	229,078.37	240,000.00	25,396.83	

Year						
Ending	Heartland IRP Loan #3		Heartland IRP Loan #4		Notes Payable-GWB	
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	10,730.27	4,169.89	10,730.27	4,169.89	33,227.11	5,007.17
2021	11,056.64	3,843.52	11,056.64	3,843.52	34,615.18	3,619.10
2022	11,392.94	3,507.22	11,392.94	3,507.22	36,045.42	2,188.86
2023	11,739.48	3,160.68	11,739.48	3,160.68	34,348.35	699.74
2024	12,096.57	2,803.59	12,096.57	2,803.59		
2025-2029	66,230.60	8,270.20	66,230.60	8,270.20		
2030-2034	20,641.04	467.52	20,641.04	467.52		
2035-2039						
2040-2044						
Totals	143,887.54	26,222.62	143,887.54	26,222.62	138,236.06	11,514.87

Year Ending				
December 31,	Totals			
2020	Principal	Interest		
2021	90,450.21	53,621.07		
2022	115,532.20	55,079.06		
2023	119,250.58	51,360.38		
2024	119,908.42	47,516.35		
2025-2029	87,983.77	44,392.91		
2030-2034	478,827.86	183,055.57		
2035-2039	328,172.96	120,767.24		
2040-2044	304,907.65	75,275.75		
2045-2049	314,990.45	23,802.55		
Totals	1,960,024.10	654,870.88		